## The Exposition 1916 in Black and White



Being a series of pencil drawings of the Panama California International Exposition, 1916.

by Elton T. Brown.



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## San Diego, California





ACROSS "EL PUENTE CABRILLO" LOOKING EAST TOWARD THE ARCH OF THE OCEAN



FROM the bridge an excellent general view of the Exposition Grounds is had, with the California Building and Tower. in the immediate foreground.

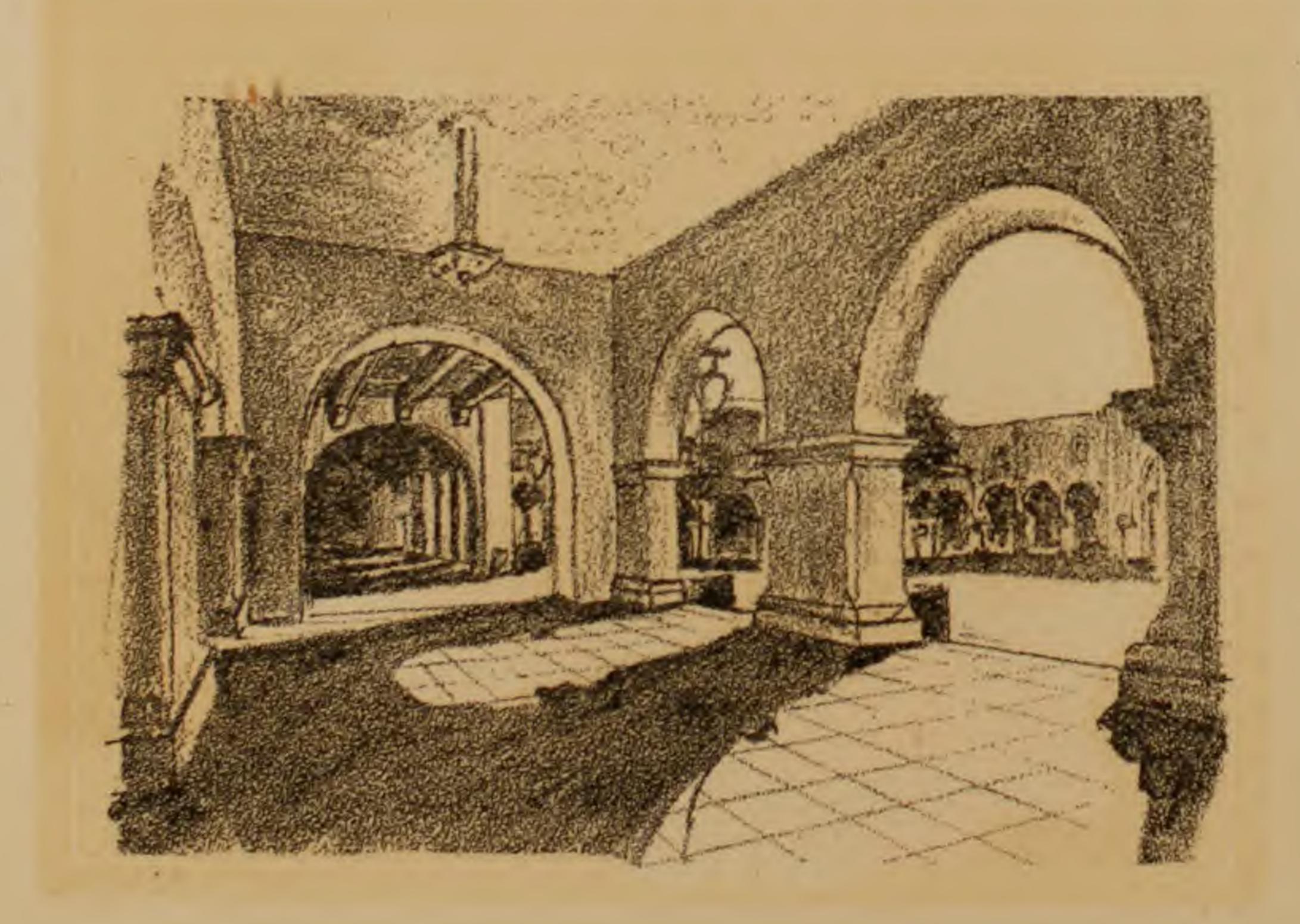
THE smaller view is from below and gives an idea of the massiveness of the structure, which is 135 feet in height, 1010 feet in length and of unit cantilever construction.



THE FACADE OF THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING

THE PRADO, WEST FROM PLAZA DE PAN-AMA, with the Science and Education Building in the foreground and the Tower and Dome of the California Building in the distance, showing also the arched passage to the Plaza de California, known as the Prado Gate.



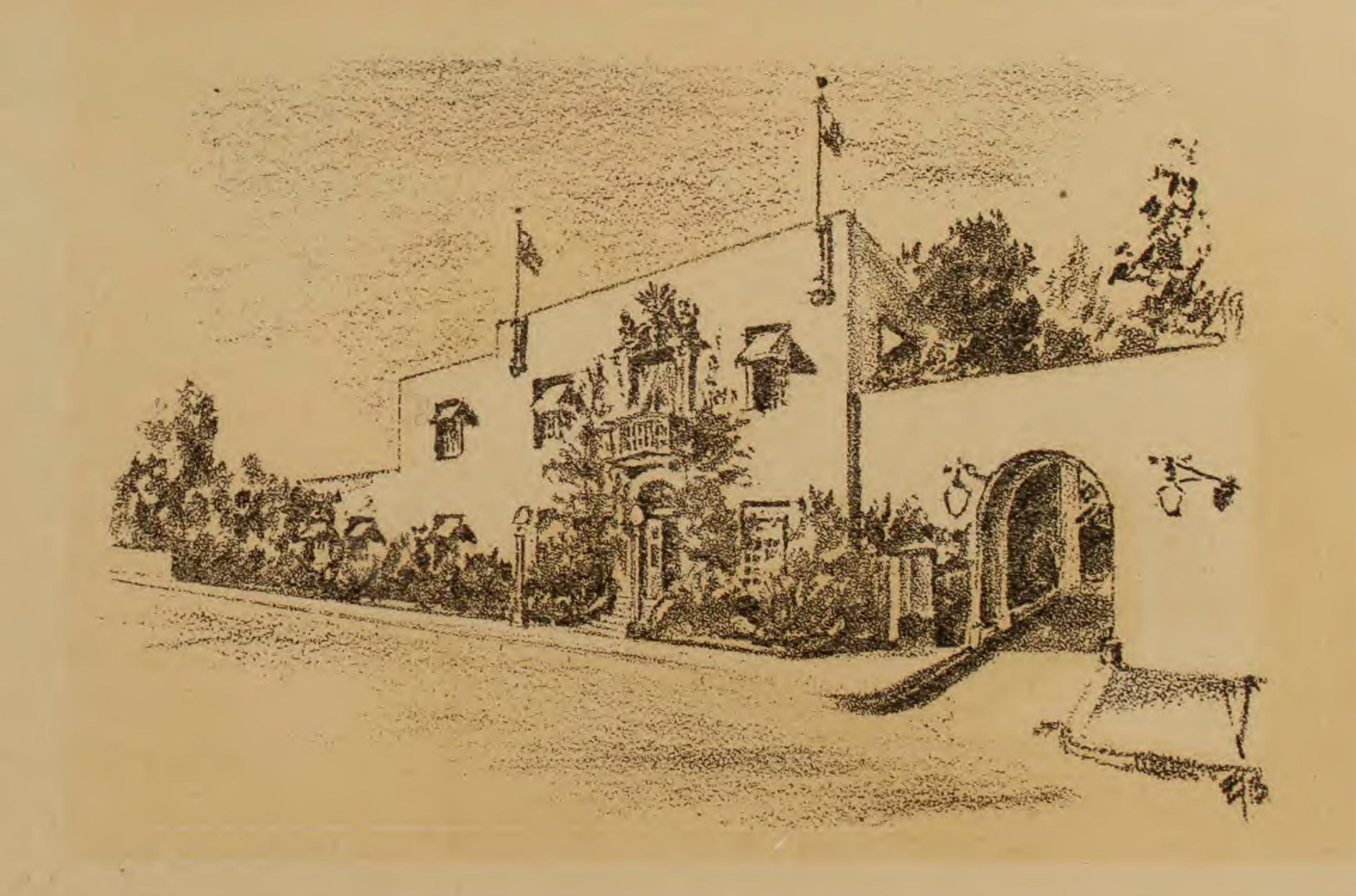


THE CLOISTERED ARCHWAY OF THE CALIFORNIA QUADRANGLE, looking across the Plaza de California to the entrance of the Fine Arts Building. These arched corridors are a pleasing feature of the exposition. There is a net work of them about the grounds, connecting the principal buildings. They are bordered with flowers and the archways festooned with vines, and as the walks are always cool and seats plentiful a siesta in them is a delightful memory.



THE PAN-PACIFIC BUILDING. This structure contains the Arizona State Exhibit and the Hawaiian and Alaska displays; also a very comprehensive and attractively shown exhibit of the Phillipine Islands Commission.

THE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, the General Offices of the Exposition Management, at the end of the bridge by the Arch of the Ocean as the western arch of the California Quadrangle is known.







THE COURT OF THE SCIENCE AND EDUCATION BUILDING, at the Entrance to the Hall of Ethnology, showing the Arched Passage along the north side of the Prado and the Tower, which is the feature of this Building.

THE ARCHWAY AND ENTRANCE to the Kern and Tulare Counties Building from La Via de los Estados, a graceful and dignified portal.



TOWER AND DOME OF THE CALIFORNIA BUILDING from the Eucalyptus Gardens at the rear. This is a permanent building of Spanish Renaissance design, graceful in construction, its tower and dome form the dominant note in the Architecture of the Fair.







THE RUSSIA AND BRAZIL BUILD-ING, with the Archway and walk at the south side of the Plaza de Panama. This building was known in 1915 as the Indian Arts Building, and aside from a very fine exhibit of Indian photographs is occupied this year by the displays of the two countries named in the title.

THE MISSION HOME of the Exposition Fire Department. This building is an exhibit in itself and is well supplied with the latest fire fighting equipment, the workings of which the boys are always ready and willing to explain.



THE PLAZA DE PANAMA, from the south, showing the Government Building, formerly the Sacramento Counties Building at the left, also the Pan-Pacific Building to the right. The Plaza is the center of Exposition Activities. It was from the platform in front of the Government Building that Secretary Lane and Governor Johnson addressed the people at the dedication ceremonies March 18th, 1916. Here also most of the special events are staged. Daily concerts are held and dress parades of the U. S. Marine Corps, stationed on the Grounds.



A PATHWAY IN THE EUCALYPTUS GARDENS

THE SCIENCE AND EDUCA-TION BUILDING. This drawing was made from the platform in front of the Government Building on the North side of the Plaza. The building is filled with a most remarkable anthropological exhibit, now the property of the San Diego Museum Association, but collected espec-





ially for the San Diego Exposition by Dr. Ales Hrdlicka. This collection is supplemented by archaeological displays and ethnological exhibits from the Smithsonian Institute. Arrangements have been made to make this exhibit permanent.

PAN, in his niche and fountain by the pathway from the Plaza de Panama to the Eucalyptus Gardens.

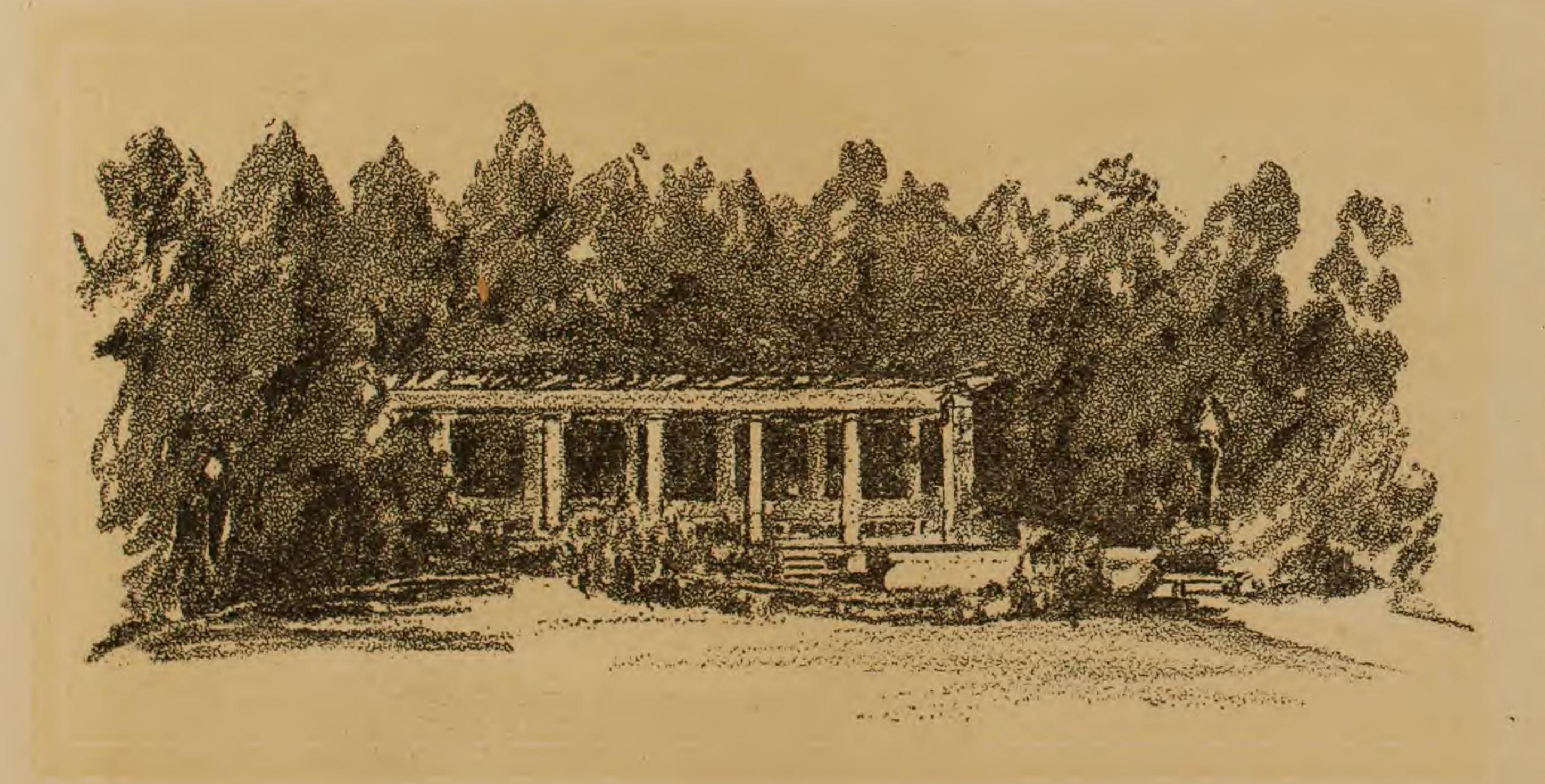


THE FOREIGN ARTS BUILDING, from the Plaza with a glimpse up the Prado toward the East Gate, or Main Entrance to the Grounds. This Building contains the exhibits of Italy, Spain, Persia, Germany and Japan. The showing of Italian marbles is very attractive, as is also the gallery of contemporary Spanish paintings, affording an unusual opportunity for Americans to study the work of some of the best artists of sunny Spain.

THE PAN-PACIFIC TOWER seen through the archway of the Foreign Arts Building.

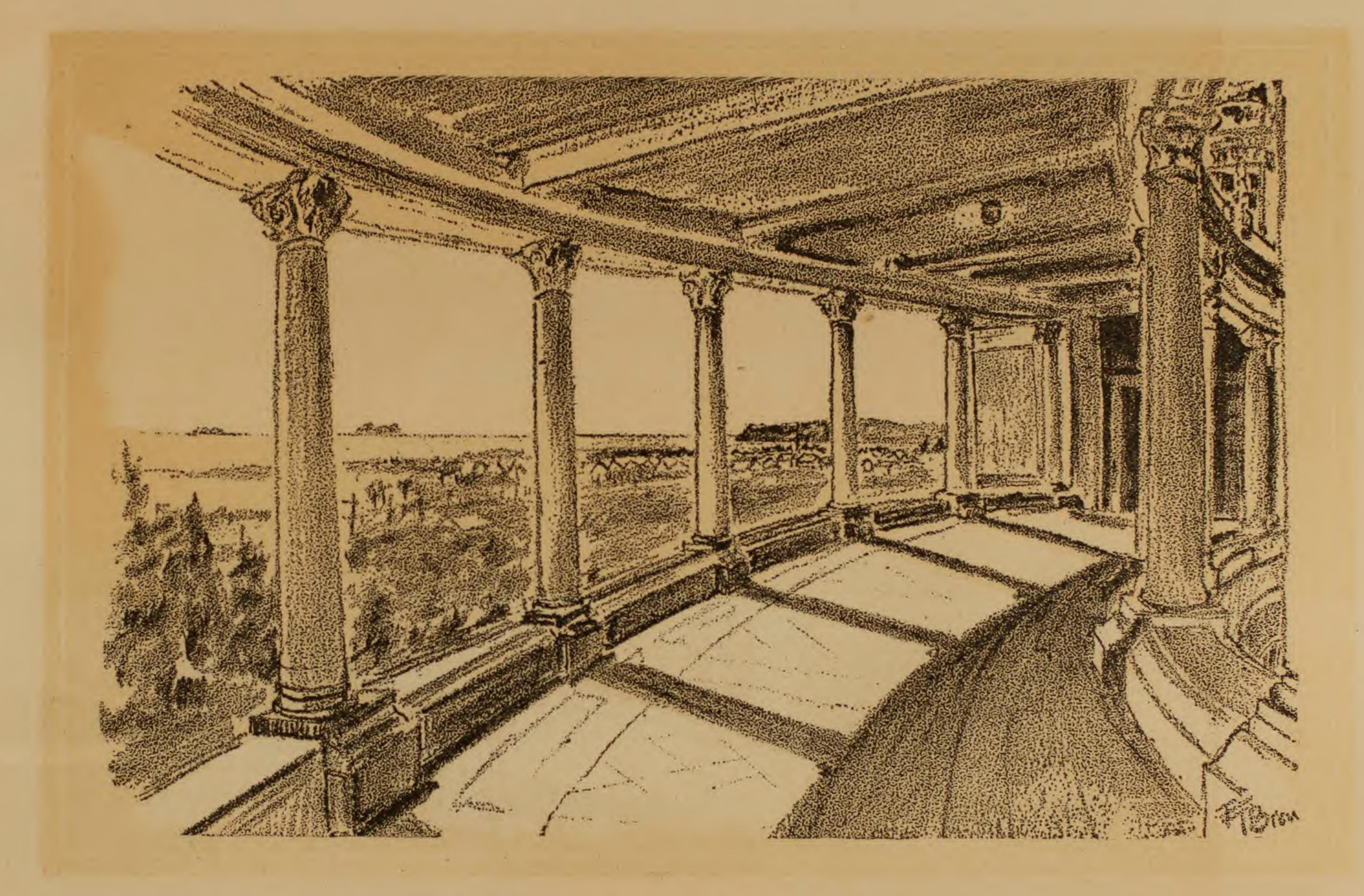






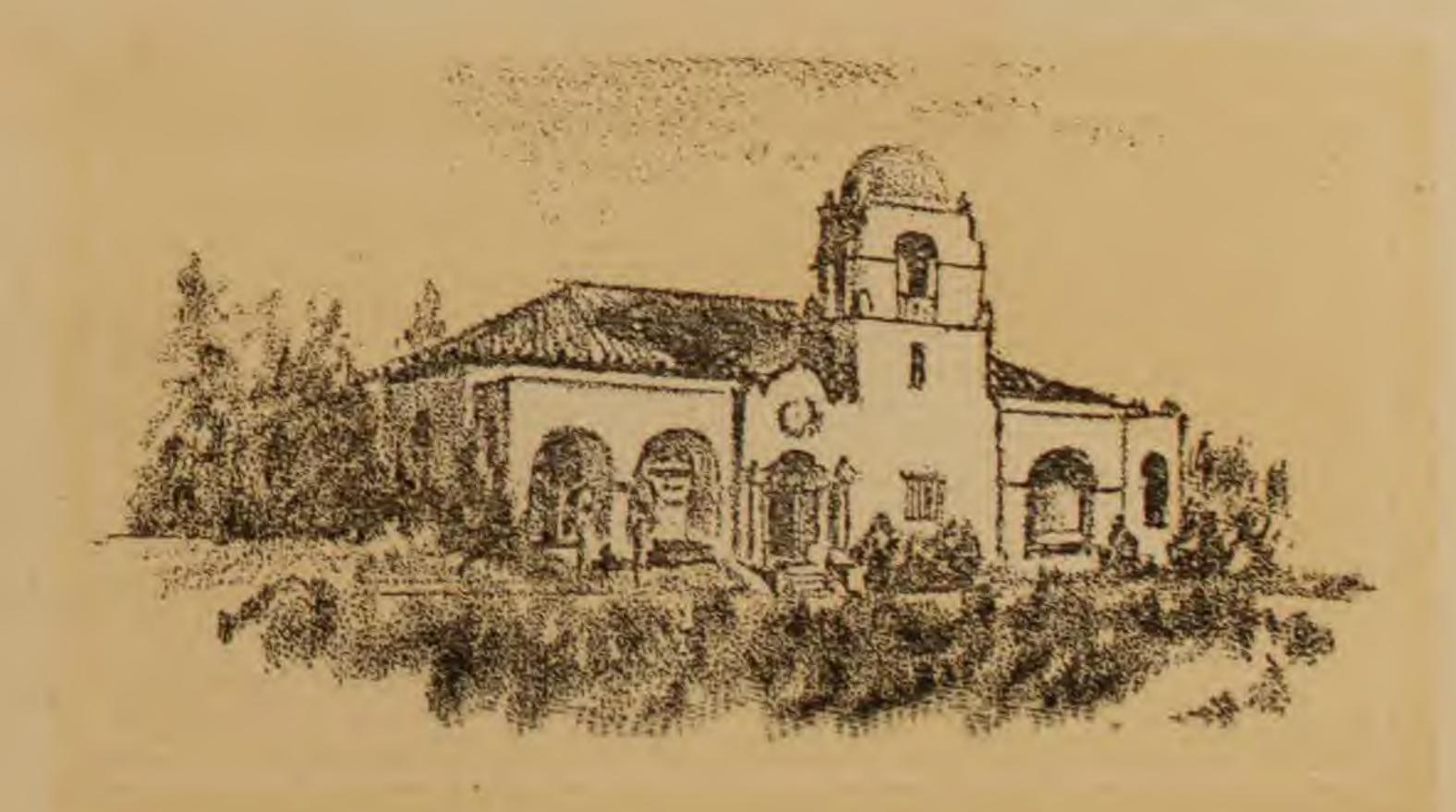
THE BOTANICAL BUILD-ING, the center and nucleus around which the Botanical Gardens are clustered, is a large structure built of laths, in graceful curves, and is filled with a profusion of rare and tropical plants.

EAP YEAR COURT, a romantic spot, at the west side of the Botanical Gardens.



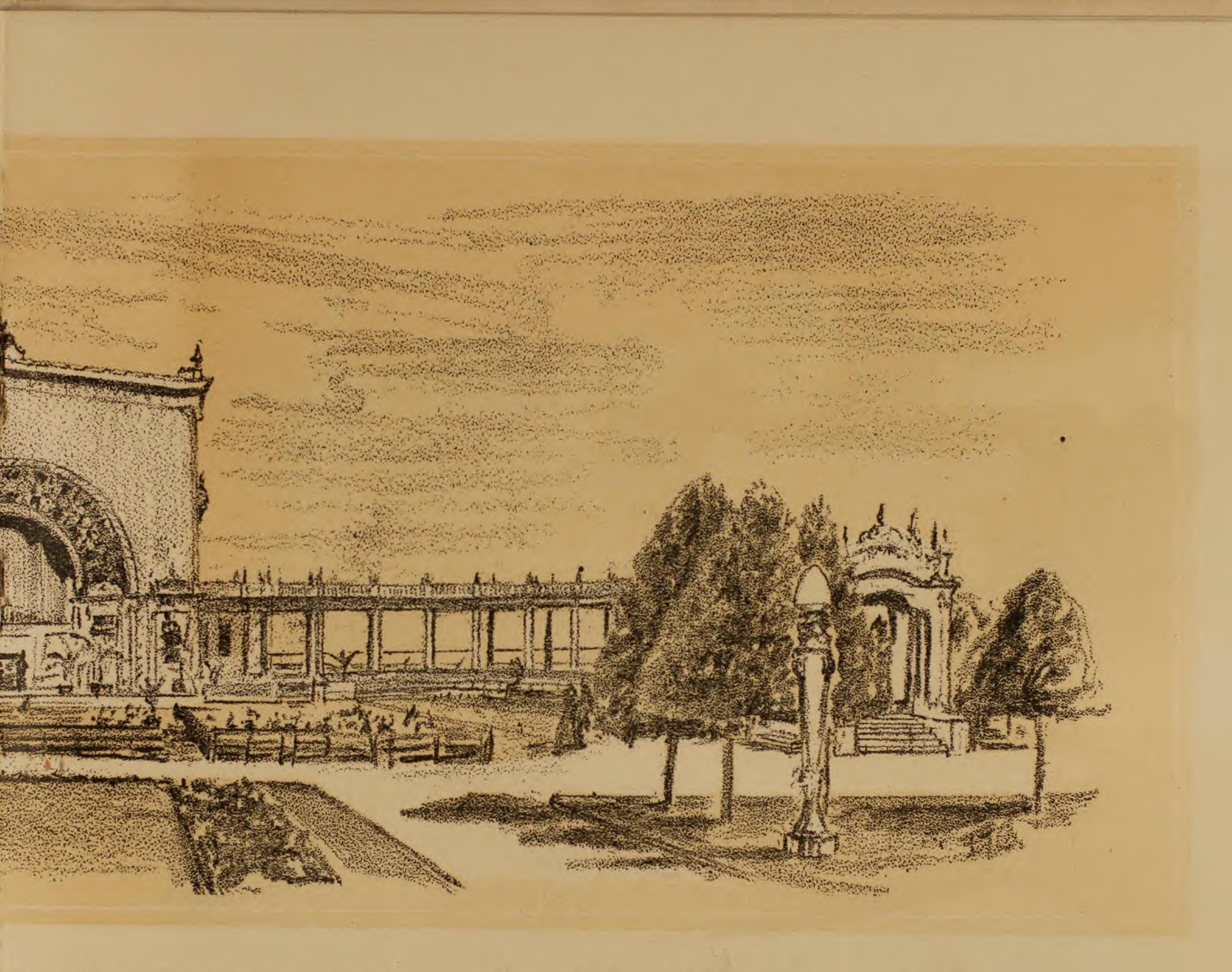
FROM THE COLONNADE OF THE GREAT ORGAN, looking across the City and Bay to Point Loma and the line of the broad Pacific with the Coronado Islands on the horizon.

HEADQUARTERS of the International Theosophical Society and the Universal Brotherhood. The little view was made from the Park across Palm Canyon.





THE GREAT ORGAN, as the out-of-doors pipe organ is frequently called, the gift of John Fair. Its sweet toned melody can be heard in all parts of the Grounds and the Daily Counted States. It is out of doors, the audience remaining at all times under the dome of the with cathedral chimes, concert harp, drum and cymbals; there are four manuals and sixty-ty design really striking, with its graceful central arch and the colonnades extending in the form



D. and A. B. Spreckels, is at once the most unique and altogether charming feature of the oncerts by Dr. Stewart are very much appreciated. The organ is one of the largest in the sunny southern sky. Power is furnished by electricity. No air is used. It is equipped to speaking stops. The location at the foot of the Plaza is appropriate and the architectural of a semi-circle at either side.



THE SAN JOAQUIN COUNTIES BUILDING, WITH DISPLAYS FROM SAN JOAQUIN, CALAVERAS, MERCED, MADERA, MARIPOSA, FRESNO AND KINGS COUNTIES

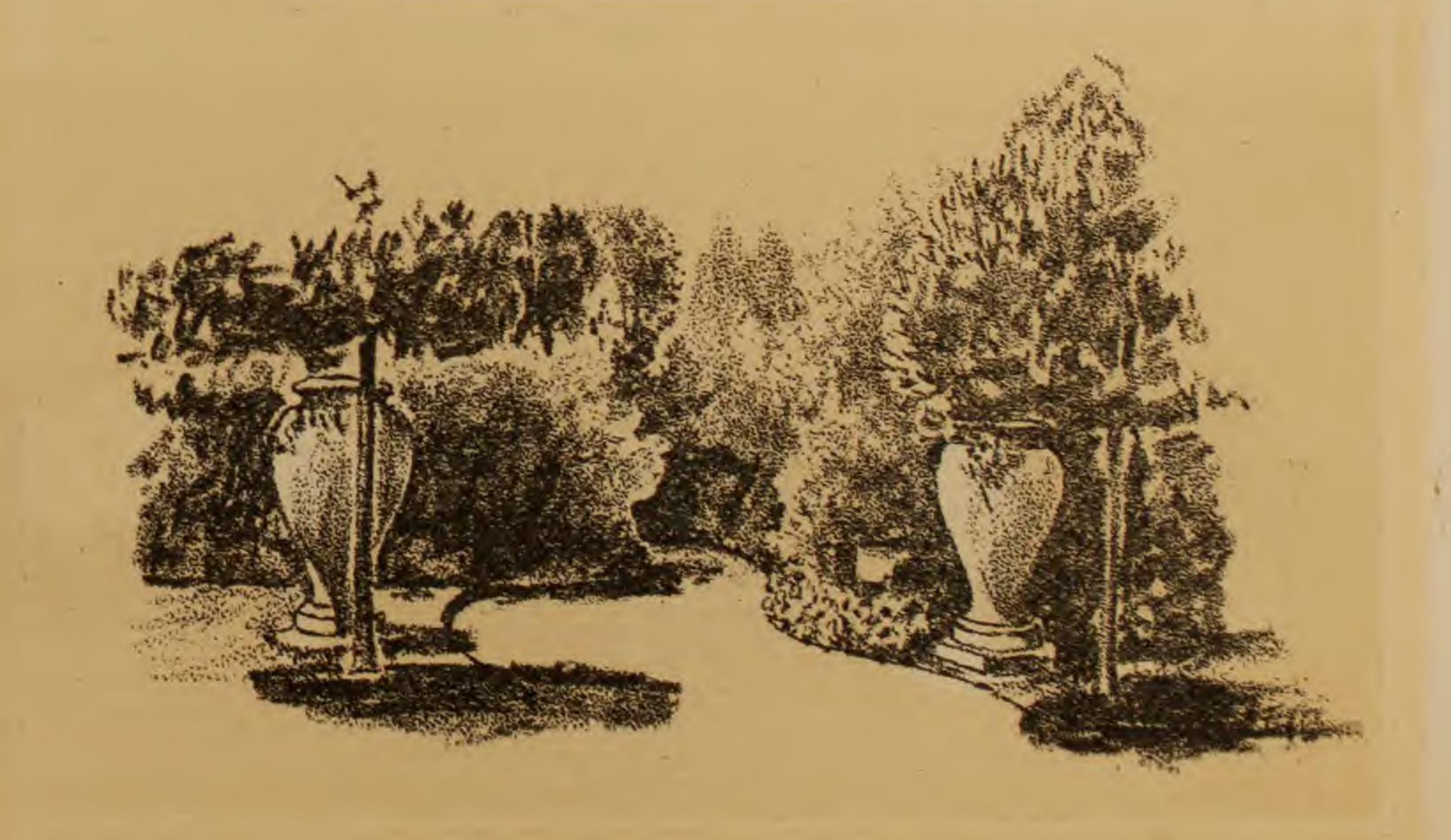


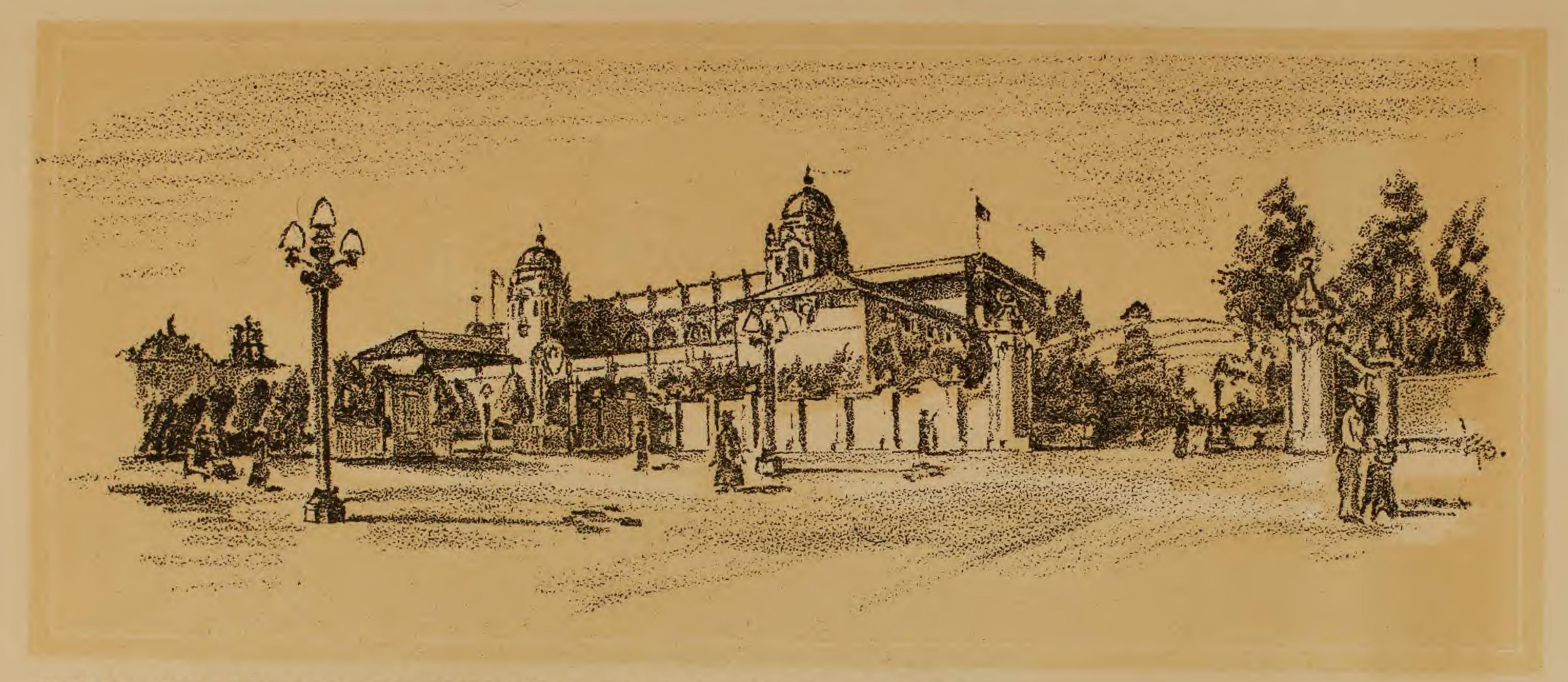
U.S. GOVERN-MENT BUIL-DING on the Alameda. Displays of the Agricultural Department and Weather Bureau, with demonstration of equipment and explanation of methods in each department.



PUENTE CABRILLO FROM THE PARK.
The graceful arches and dignified span of
this bridge across the Canyon has been pictured in more ways than any other one subject on the grounds. However, this view from
the Park is one not usually shown.

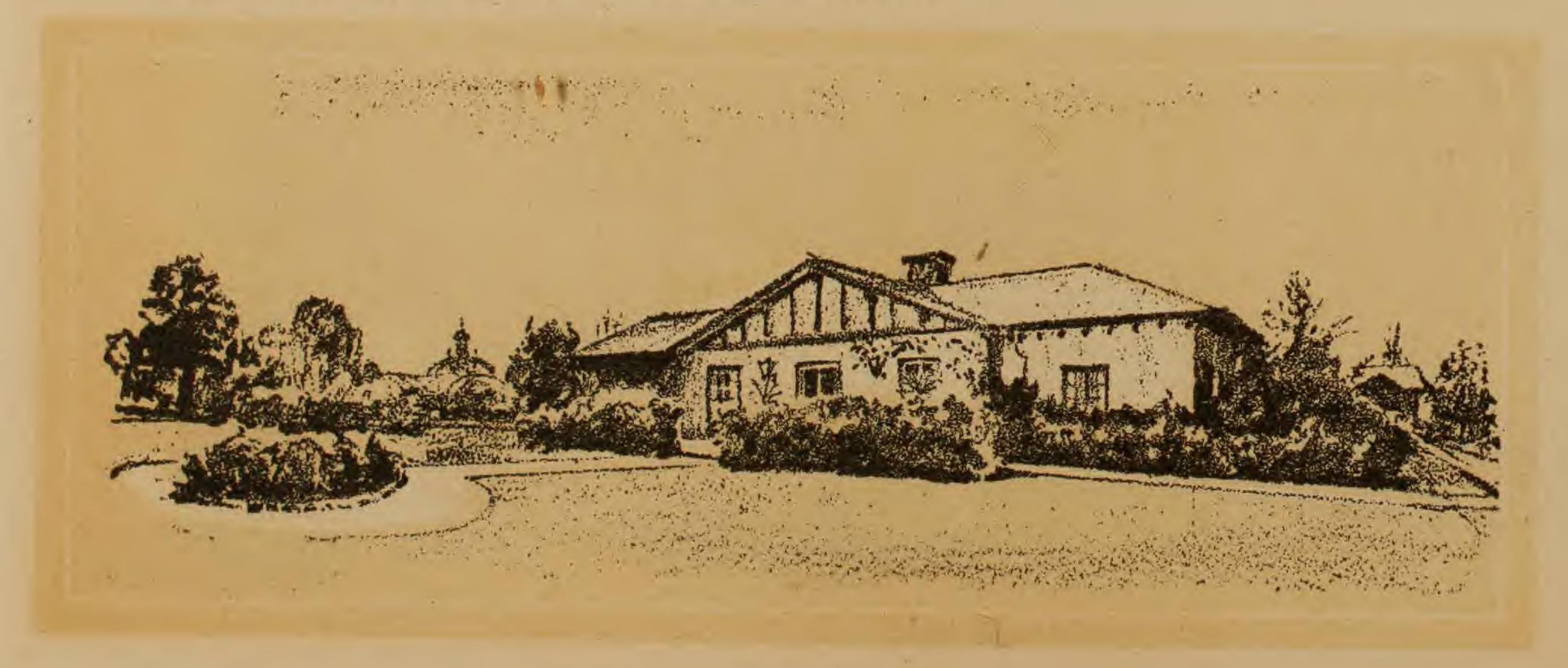
THE ENTRANCE TO PEPPER GROVE, at the head of the Prado, a restful picnic park, with a playground for the little folks.





THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA COUNTIES BUILDING, containing exhibits from Ventura, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Riverside, Orange, Imperial and San Diego Counties.

THE MODEL RANCH is a demonstration of living conditions prepared by the Southern California Counties Association.



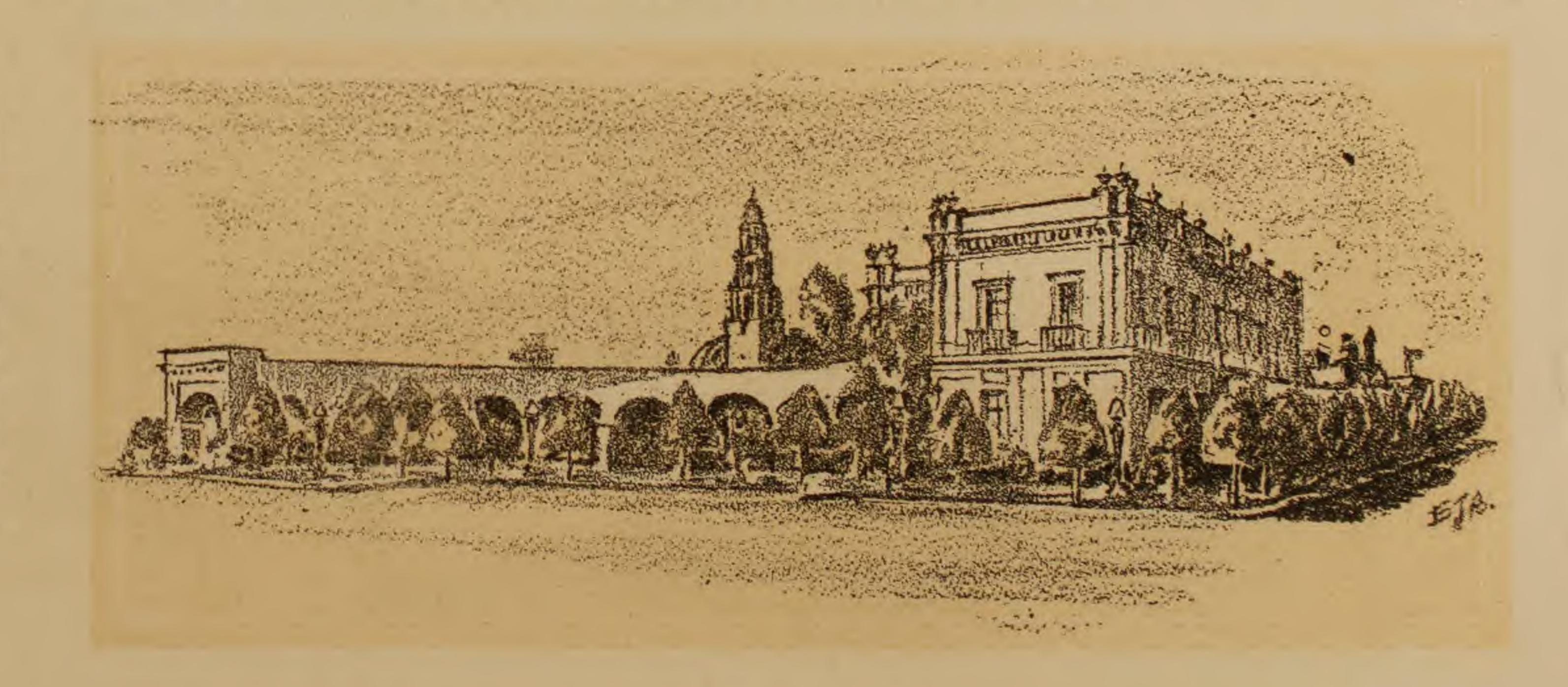


A. W. ROBERTSON, ARTIST IN CLAY



THE PRADO, THE MAIN THOROUGHFARE OF THE EXPOSITION AT ITS JUNCTION WITH THE ALAMEDA

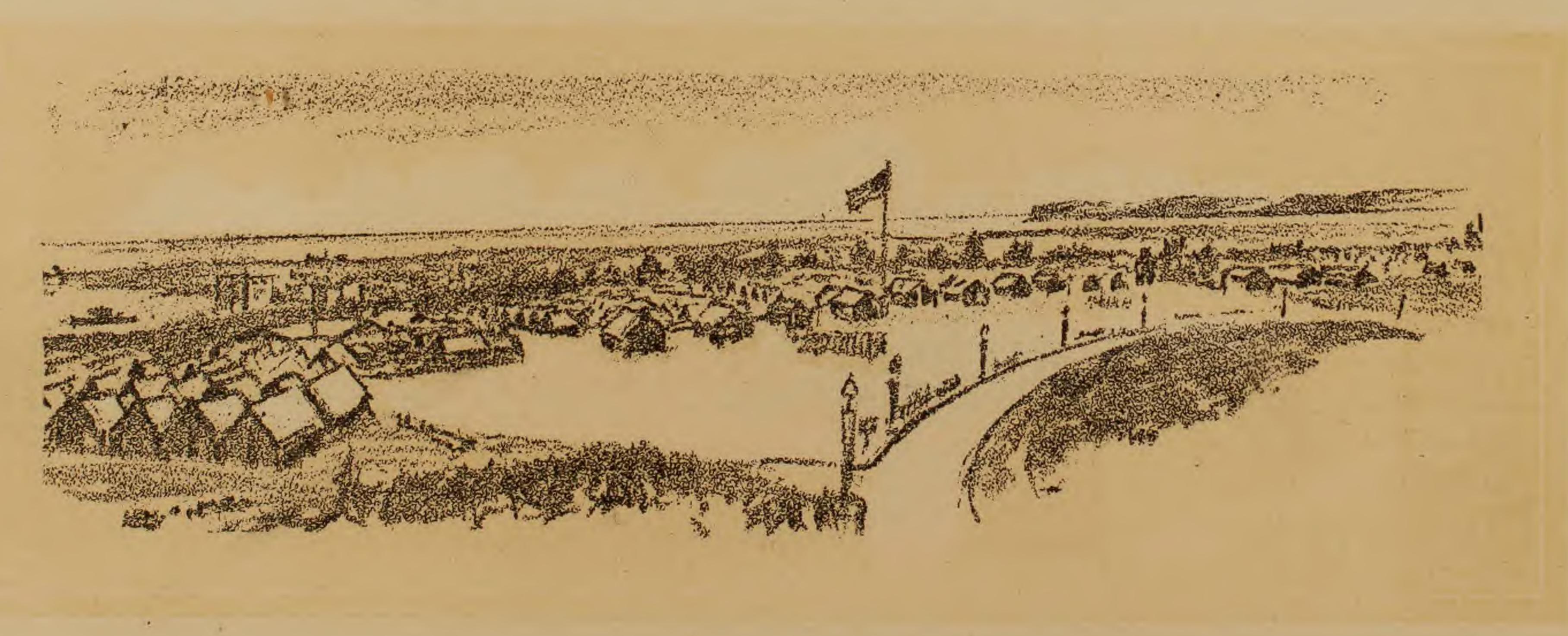
THE KERN AND TULARE COUN TIES BUILDING, containing a comprehensive display of the diversified products and industries of the two sister counties at the southern extremity of the San Joaquin Valley.





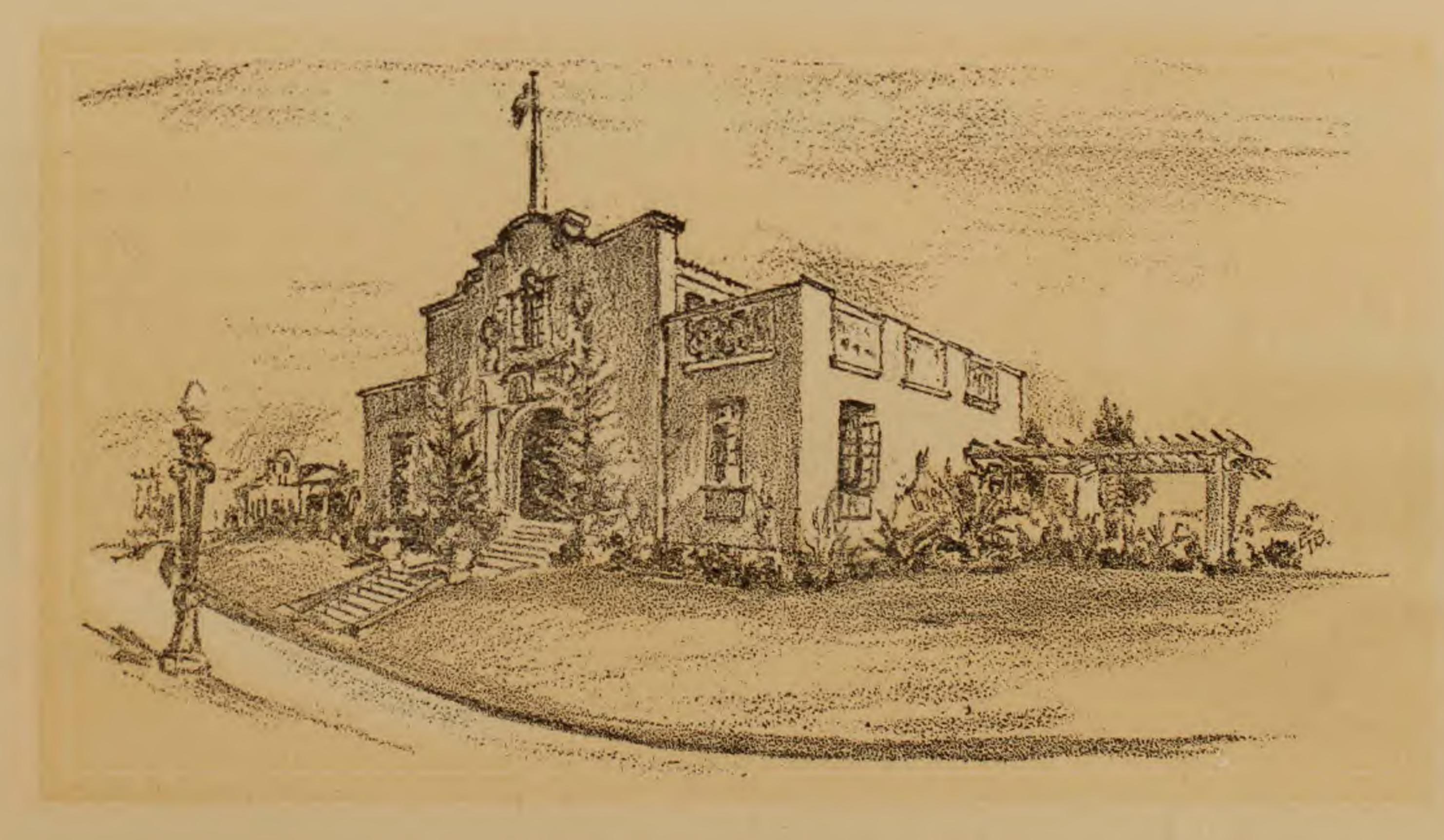
THE BOTANICAL GAR-DENS. Looking across the Lagoon to the rear entrance of the Foreign and Domestic Industries Building. The Memorial Tablet to Fray Junipero Serra, the founder of the California Missions, faces the Botanical Gardens from the back of this building.

THE CAMP and Parade Grounds of the United States Marine Corps at the foot of La Via de los Estados. One thousand men are quartered at this point and their drills and dress parades on the plaza and the music of their bands add much to the enjoyment of Fair visitors.



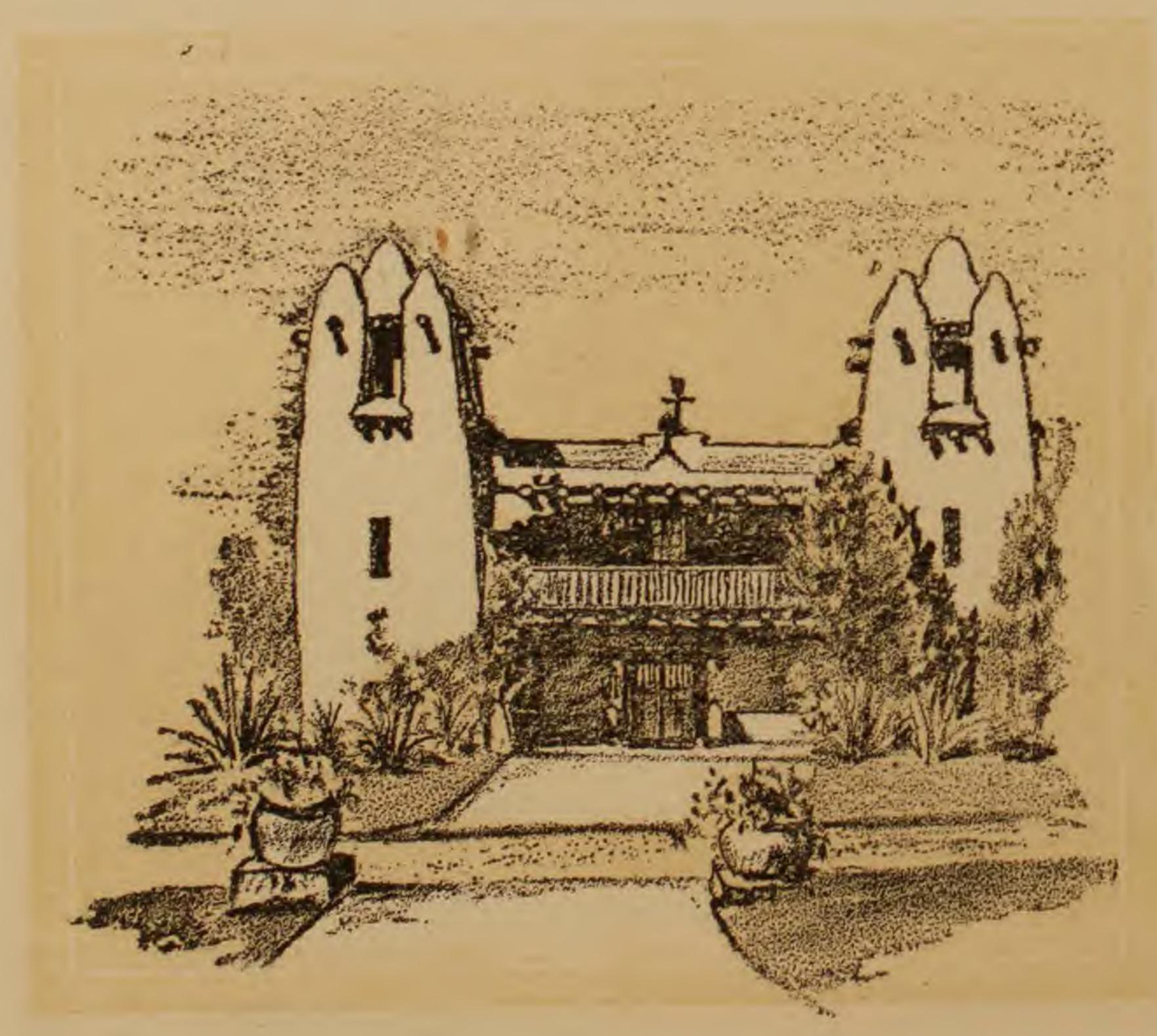
THEUTAH BUILDING, an imposing structure on the Avenue of States; wherein are described the resources of the great State of Utah and something of what it has alreadyaccomplished. A large relief map is one of the exhibits, and detailed information is supplied as to arid land and irrigation projects and Government Land entries.





THE MONTANA BUILDING, also upon the Avenue of States, gives evidence of Montana's great possibilities as an agricultural and dairy section. The building is the gift of Senator W. A. Clark and is decorated with grains and other Montana products. A feature of this building is the quiet and comfort of the rest rooms.





THE PATIO OF THE NEW MEXICO BUILD-ING, which is a reproduction of the Franciscan Mission erected in 1629 A. D. on the Rock at Acoma, in western New Mexico. It is the only ecclesiastical structure which survived the Pueblo Rebellion of A. D. 1680. The reproduction of the Old Church has been done with such fidelity of detail, even to the log rafters and the quaint fireplaces and the chapel itself, that one feels the spell of the original; something of an involuntary veneration which is noted in the presence of things that are old. It is a very satisfactory Building.

THE TOWERS AND ENTRANCE TO THE MISSION CHAPEL, used as a Lecture Room.



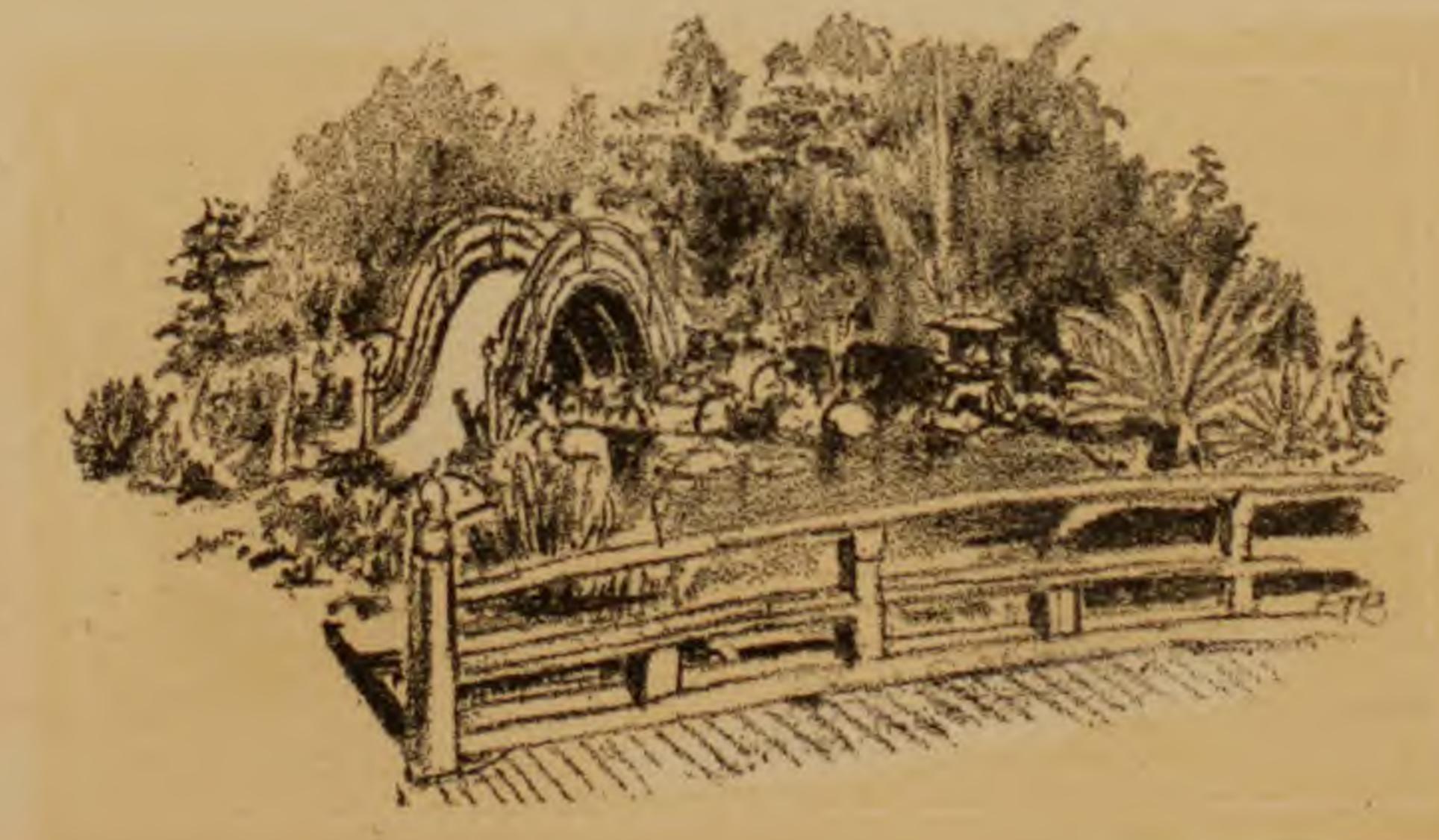
THE TAOS PUEBLO IN THE PAINTED DESERT is an exact reproduction of the original in Northern New Mexico. The Pueblo Indians are living here exactly as they are at home, busy with their pottery making, basketry and blanket weaving.

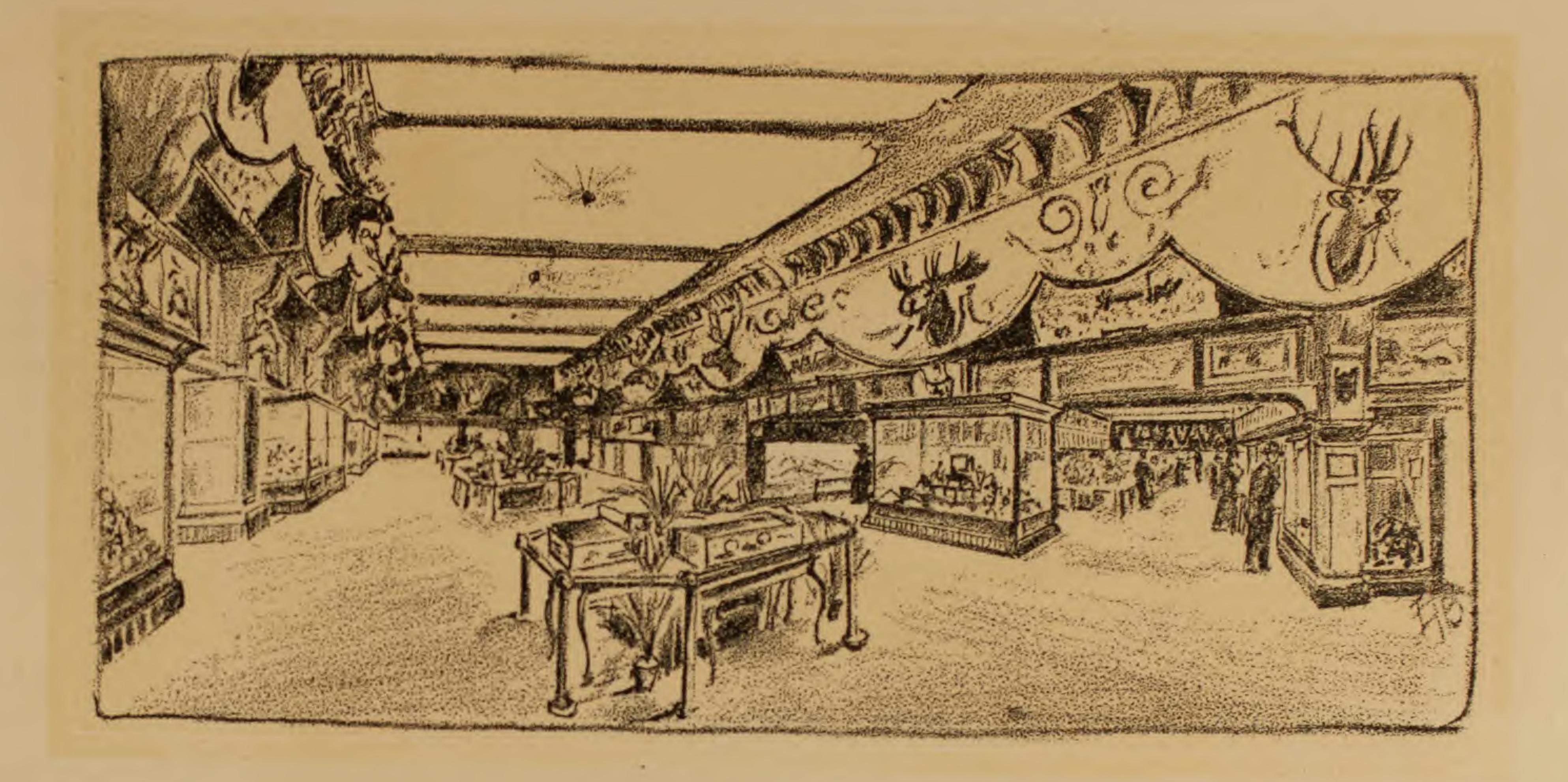
IN "APACHE LAND" of this same exhibit may be found the Apache Indians in their Wickiups, the same as one would find them on the Arizona reservations.





THE JAPANESE TEA PAVILION, next to the Botanical Building, and surrounded with an exquisite Japanese Garden, where always is the music of trickling water and peculiar Oriental plants and dwarf cedars and gold fish in the pool. An enchanted garden where dainty Japanese maids, in their native costumes serve tea and cakes to resting wayfarers.

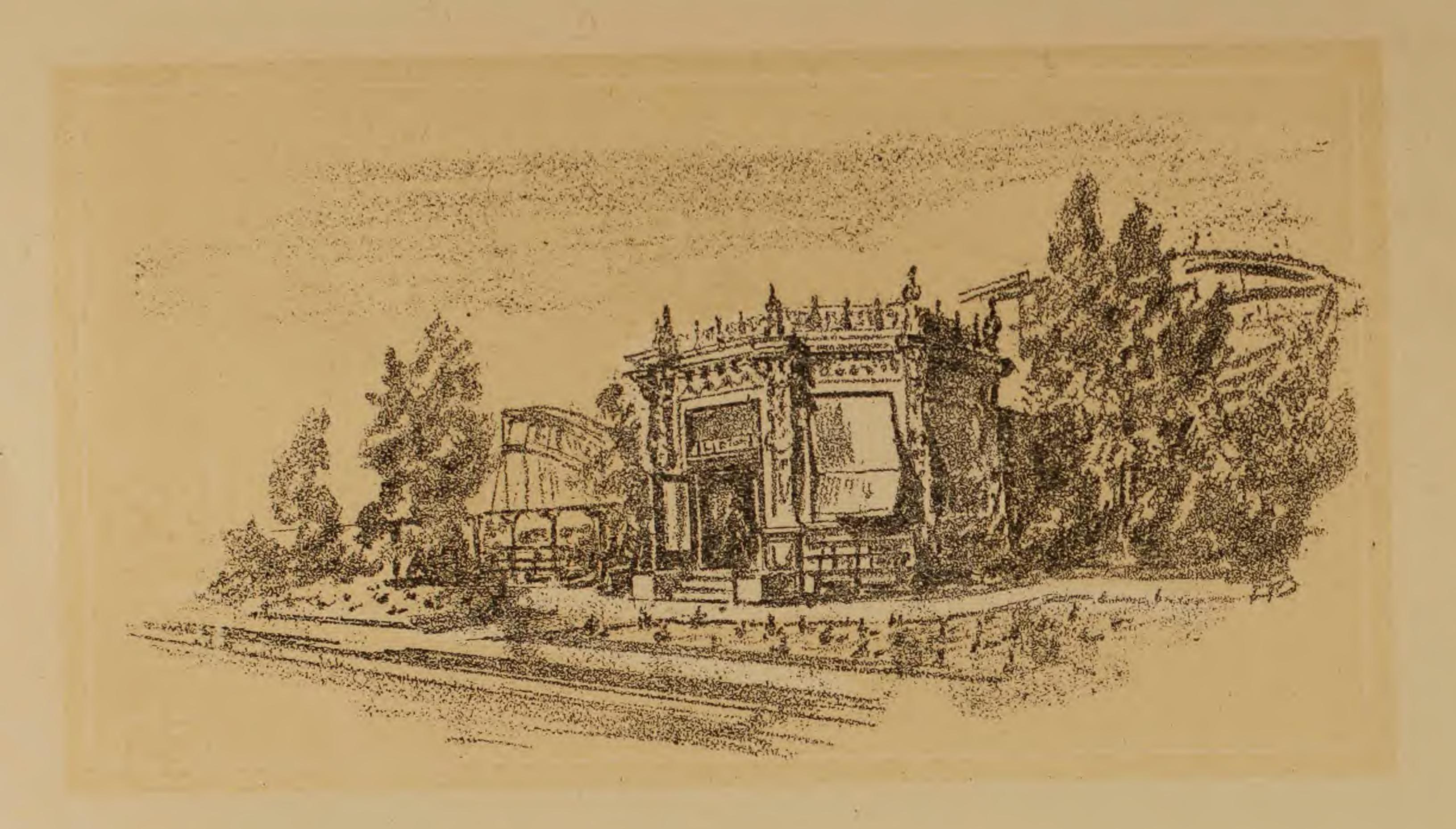






THE PALACE OF MINES, FORMERLY THE WASHINGTON STATE BUILDING

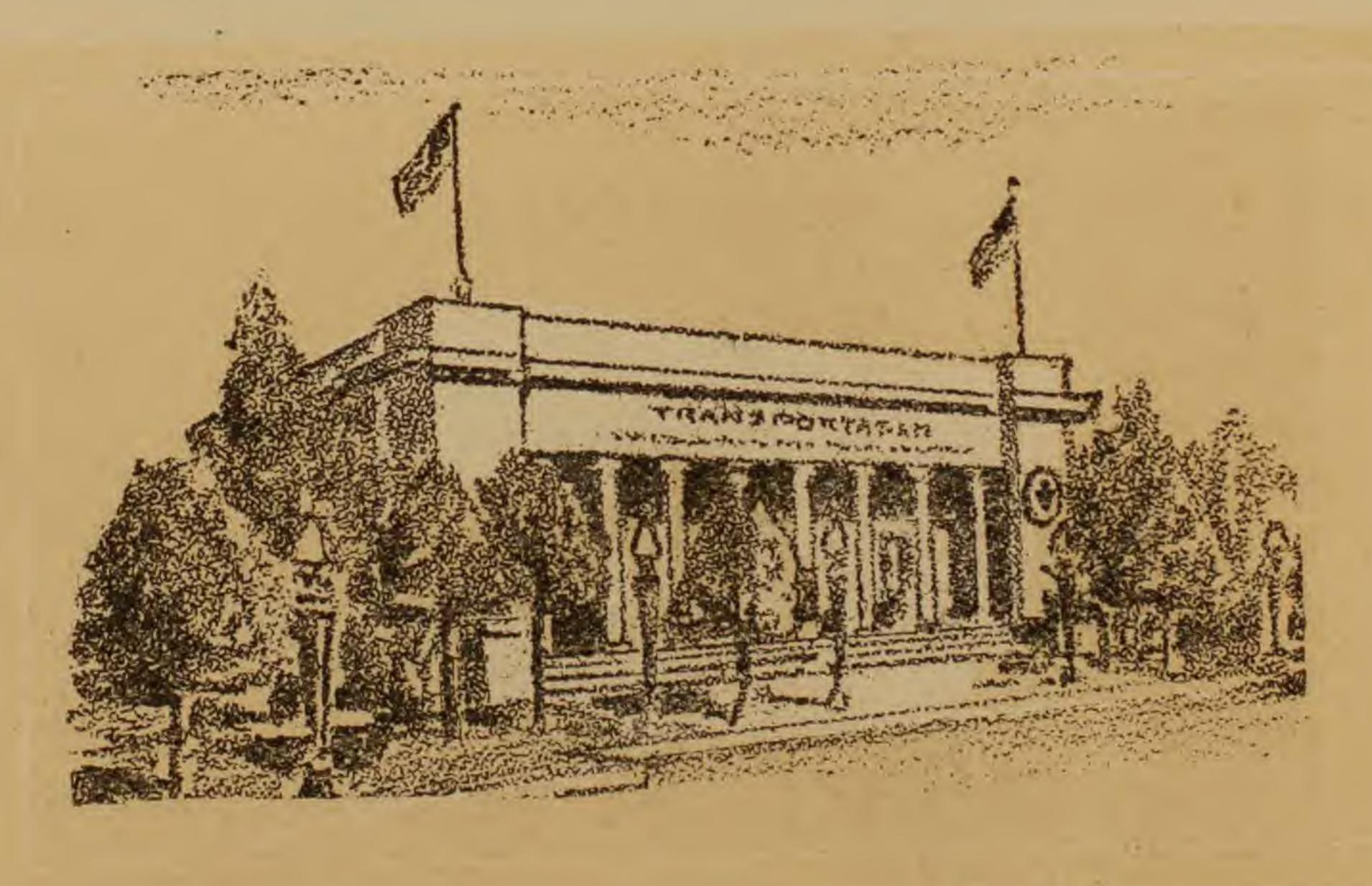
THE CANADIAN EX-HIBIT shows convincingly the wonderful development and possibilities of Canada. The accuracy of the information given, the comprehensive scope of the displays, the marvelous attention to detail and the effectiveness of results obtained, put this Exhibit in a class by itself. This picture includes only a portion of the interior.



LIPTON'S TEA PAVILION, on the Alameda, where tea is served to all comers. The Gardens about the building are filled with growing tea plants and the explanations of the Cingalese tea grower in attendance, as to methods of picking and curing the tea is very interesting.



THE ALAMEDA COUNTY BUILDING AT THE ENTRANCE TO LA VIA DE LOS ESTADOS



THE EXPOSITION HEADQUARTERS OF THE UNION PACIFIC AND SALT LAKE ROADS. TRANSPORTATION THEIR SPECIALTY

N. B.—These are all reproductions of the original free hand drawings and are not, in any instance, drawn from a photograph.

ELTON T. BROWN



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THE ENTRANCE TO THE ISTHMUS, WITH ITS MILE OF AMUSEMENT HOUSES AND MIRTH PROVOKING DEVICES

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